

CLAIM AMENDMENTS

1.-26. (Cancelled)

27. (Currently Amended) The ~~A~~ method as claimed in claim 26 ~~49~~ wherein the spacer may be a hollow tubular member or push in ties.

28. (Currently Amended) The ~~A~~ method as claimed in claim 26 ~~49~~ wherein the boxing modules are joined utilizing slots in side and end walls of the modules from which quick release clamping devices can be pulled out of an open-ended slot.

29. (Currently Amended) The ~~A~~ method as claimed in claim 26 ~~49~~ wherein push in ties which can ~~attach~~ join directly opposing modules ~~to panels~~ on any vertical or horizontal connectable edge via the connecting apparatus.

30. (Currently Amended) The ~~A~~ method as claimed in claim 26 ~~49~~ wherein the quick release clamping device is a wedge which can be pulled out of an open-ended slot.

31. (Currently Amended) The ~~A~~ method as claimed in claim 26 ~~49~~ wherein externally, on the outside of the formwork, the straps, beams and angle irons are connected to ~~spaced and tied~~ modules which are joined by tie-bolts as well as ~~individual~~ modules or panels that are not joined by tie-bolts and also act as a clamping device.

32. (Currently Amended) The ~~A~~ method as claimed in claim 26 ~~49~~ wherein the individual module comprises a rectilinear front face, a peripheral border wall extending from the front face, which possesses a plurality of open-ended slots in the major surfaces of the module, two spaced pairs of bolt sockets in major surfaces of the module and a plurality of opposed slots in the spherical border walls of the module which can connect or abut to panels which do not have these features.

33. (Currently Amended) The ~~A~~ method as claimed in claim 26 ~~49~~ wherein individual transversely opposed modules or panels connected, abutted, or held in by the spaced and tied modules.

34. (Currently Amended) The A method as claimed in claim 26 49 wherein the spaced and tied modules to individual unspaced and untied panels or modules in any consecutive row of formwork reverse its formation to the row above it or below it on a horizontal or vertical plane.

35. (Currently Amended) The A method as claimed in claim 26 49 wherein the outside of the formwork is reinforced by elongated straps, beams or angle irons.

36. (Currently Amended) The A method as claimed in claim 35 wherein the elements of the straps, beams or angle irons are adjusted to increase the strength of the same.

37. (Currently Amended) The A method as claimed in claim 26 49 wherein the spaced and tied modules which are joined by tie-bolts or push-in ties can be surrounded by opposed modules or panels which are not joined by tie-bolts or push-in ties can be surrounded by individual transversely opposed unspaced and untied modules or panels on every horizontal and vertical plane or can be surrounded until the formation is staggered or even in a staggered formation.

38. (Currently Amended) A method of creating a formwork for a horizontal column from a plurality of boxing modules, some of which are joined by tie-bolts and some are not, supporting the formwork from a load bearing surface below.

39. (Currently Amended) The A method as claimed in claim 26 49 wherein the straps, beams and or angle irons can accept ties, in between the same or other individually to increase strength of the same.

40. (Currently Amended) The A formwork as claimed in claim 26 49 wherein the joined boxing modules are made parallel by [[a]] said plurality of spacers spanning between the modules which are supporting or abutting various connectable surfaces of the directly opposed modules or panels which are not joined by tie-bolts or push-in ties unspaced and untied transversely opposed individual modules or panels.

41. (Currently Amended) The A method as claimed in claim 26 49 wherein in any one row, the opposed joined boxing modules which are joined by tie-bolts or push-in ties can recur continuously from one to the other with opposing modules which are not joined by tie-bolts or push-

~~in ties the spaced and tied modules to individual module or panel assembled association can alternate in a predetermined configuration continuously in any one row.~~

42. (Currently Amended) The A method as claimed in claim 26 49 wherein the directly opposed modules which are joined by tie-bolts or push-in ties can form one continuous row, while the said row above or below can be made up from directly opposed modules or panels which are not joined by tie-bolts or push-in ties ~~spaced and tied module to individual unspaced and untied modules or panels can be permanently alternating in a vertical or horizontal stacked formation.~~

43. (Currently Amended) The A formwork as claimed in claim 26 49 wherein the formwork is braced and stiffened internally, within the molding surfaces by vertical and horizontal metal reinforcement bars connected to the spaced ties, and externally, on the outer-side of the formwork, by said straps or beams or angle irons, or any combination of the three.

44. (Currently Amended) The A formwork as claimed in claim 43 wherein the bracing devices externally, on the outer side of the formwork can be vertical, horizontal or angular.

45. (Currently Amended) The A formwork as claimed in claim 39 49 wherein the boxing modules are rota-moulded within which ribs and stiffening members are all one piece.

46. (Currently Amended) The A formwork as claimed in claim 26 49 wherein external corners joined or abutted can create vertical columns.

47. (Currently Amended) The A formwork as claimed in claim 43 wherein the modules are provided with their own stiffening elements ~~internal or external stiffening.~~

48. (Currently Amended) The A formwork as claimed in claim 39 including vertical and horizontal reinforcing bars which extend from the ends and top and bottom surfaces of the formwork and are connected to said spacers or push-in the spaced ties to help further stiffen the formwork.

49. (New) A method of construction for concrete beams or walls comprising the following steps of:

- (a) setting rows of a plurality of boxing modules which are joined with tie-bolts to hold in boxing modules or panels which are not joined with tie-bolts to create formwork;
- (b) fastening adjoining surfaces or abutting ends of the modules or panels;
- (c) spacing the formwork by a plurality of spacers which span between the directly opposed modules and are fixed by bolts, or push-in ties;
- (d) placing directly opposing modules or panels which are not joined by tie-bolts or push-in ties alongside the inner front face of the opposing modules which are joined by tie-bolts or push-in ties;
- (e) arranging said opposed joined boxing modules, joined by tie-bolts or push-in ties, in any one row to follow subsequently with modules or panels that are not joined by tie-bolts or push-in ties;
- (f) bracing and strengthening the exterior side of the formwork with straps, beams or angle irons which accept spacers and ties, and which abut and are connected to modules or panels;
- (g) setting reinforcement means internally between the molding faces of the formwork, to stiffen the formwork; and
- (h) pouring concrete or any other settable substance into the formwork.